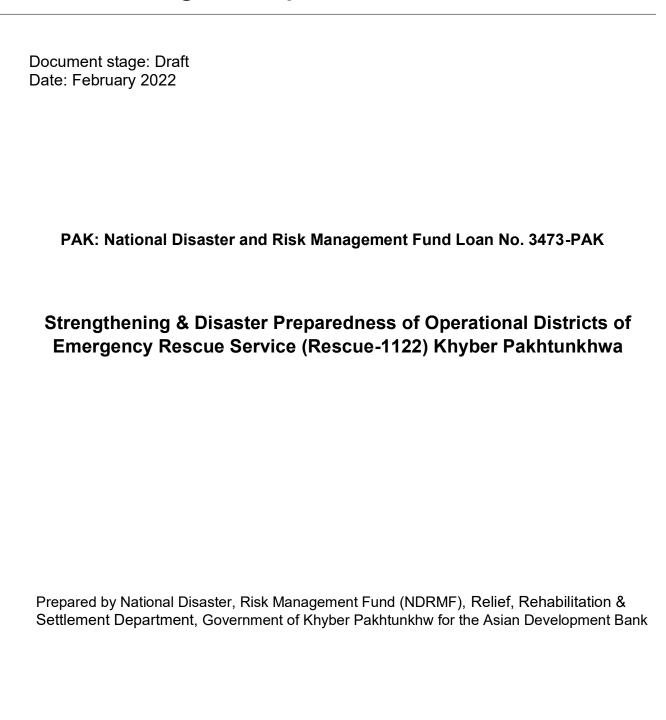
Social Due Diligence Report



PAK: National Disaster and Risk Management Fund Loan No. 3473-PAK Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Emergency Rescue Service – KP Rescue 1122









Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Emergency Rescue Service – KP Rescue 1122

Cost: PKR 729.70 million

National Disaster Risk Management Fund (NDRMF)

LIST OF ABBREVIATION

ADB Asian Development Bank

COI Corridor of Impact

DDR Due Diligence Report

FGD Focus Group Discussions

GRM Grievance Redress Mechanism

IR Involuntary Resettlement

IP Indigenous People

NDRMF National Disaster & Risk Management Fund

NGO Non-Governmental Organization

RoW Right of Way

RD Reduced Distance

SPS Safeguard Policy Statement

ToR Terms of Reference

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A. Introduction

- 1. National Disaster Risk Management Fund (NDRMF) is institutionalized to make Pakistan resilient against disasters by strengthening the government and private institutions' ability to respond to future disasters triggered by natural hazards. NDRMF focuses on: (i) disaster risk reduction; (ii) design, development and seeding of disaster risk financing strategies and instruments; and (iii) partnerships with other organizations to provide relief and recovery support.
- 2. NDRMF supports existing government entities and civil society organizations, involved in disaster risk management, including the National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA), Provincial Disaster Management Authority and Provincial Irrigation Departments for Flood Management.
- 3. Khyber Pakhtunkhwa province has a recent history of facing complex emergencies in form of natural as well as human induced disasters like floods, earthquake, landslide, conflicts, bomb blasts and many other events. The province also has the shortest warning time to respond to some types of disasters. The departments are also only too aware of the increased severity and frequency of disasters due to Climate Change, and cognizant of the existing vulnerabilities in the province. On government level the need was felt to establish a state of the emergency services infrastructures which provide basis for the establishment of Rescue 1122 Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.
- 4. KP Rescue 1122 has performed remarkably well given its limited resources, however, certain challenges exist that are affecting the efficiency and effectiveness of emergency rescue services in KP. Keeping in view those challenges, Emergency Rescue Services (Rescue 1122) Khyber Pakhtunkhwa has proposed a project to strengthen the Emergency Service (Rescue 1122) in 21 operational districts of KP.

B. Project Description

5. The project proposed by KP Rescue 1122 aims to establish and strengthen warehouse or stockpiling system for storing food, medicine, relief supplies and rescue equipment at strategic locations and to enhance emergency response capacities, such as emergency operation centers, civil defense and urban search and rescue teams in major cities. No civil works are proposed under this project. Overall impact is to create feeling of being safe and secure, by virtue of availability of more efficient Emergency Response and Rescue-1122 facility in 21 districts of KP. This region is both plain and mountainous in nature and facing all related hydro-metrological and geological hazards on high severity levels. Out of a total of 24 Million population of the proposed 21 districts, the indirect beneficiaries are calculated to be over 10 Million.

C. Scope of Activities

6. The project predominantly focuses on the provision of machinery/ equipment and items for strengthening Rescue 1122 services in KP. The provisions are made for but not limited to; Fire Bikes, Heavy Duty Cranes/ 25 Tons, Snow Removal Vehicles attachments (Blades +Broom +Blower), Jet Boats/Jet skies with trolley, Oxygen Refilling Plant, Hazmat Suit, Portable SCUBA Refilling Plant, Snow Suit with Accessories, Side Scan Sonar, Gas cutter (Oxy-acetylene) Heavy duty, SCBA Set, SCUBA Set, Dry Suits & Wet Suits, Rope Throw Gun, Boats, Ambulance 4x4, Fire Vehicle 4x4 & Fork lifter. The list of equipment and vehicles which will be deployed in 21 districts of KP is as follows:

List	of Equipment KPK Rescue 1122		
S. No	Equipment Details	Units/ Numbers	Cost in Million (PKR)
1	Fire Bikes (250CC)	14	14.00
2	Heavy Duty Cranes/ 25 Tons	1	50.00
3	Snow Removal Vehicles attachments (Blades +Broom +Blower)	3	60.00
4	Fire Turnout Gear	100	25.00
5	Fire Hoses	200	12.00
6	Jet Boats/Jet skies with trolley	4	16.00
7	15KVA Generator	10	20.00
8	Oxygen Refilling Plant	7	140.00
9	Fire Blankets	350	2.80
10	Base set With Accessories	100	20.00
11	Walkie Talkies	150	9.00
12	Hazmat Suit	140	5.60
13	DCP Refilling	7	3.50
14	Portable SCUBA Refilling Plant	7	14.00
15	Snow Suit with Accessories	200	16.00
16	Repeaters for Communication	7	3.50
17	Side Scan Sonar	3	30.00
18	Gas cutter (Oxy-acetylene) Heavy duty	5	2.50
19	Animal Harness	50	2.50
20	Mobile Base Set	50	5.00
21	Mannequins for training purpose complete set for training of child, CPR, Half body etc.	7	17.50
22	SCBA Set	10	20.00
23	SCUBA Set	10	30.00
24	Dry Suits	28	8.40
25	Wet Suits	28	8.40
26	Rope Throw Gun	7	2.10
27	Life Buoy	140	7.00
28	Life Jackets	140	1.40
29	Fiber Glass Boat 10 seater with 40 OBM Engine	5	15.00
30	In-Floatable Boats 10 seater with 40 OBM Engine	5	10.00
31	Diving Gear & Gadgets	7	10.50
32	Ambulance 4x4	7	70.00
33	Surveillance Drone	4	8.00
34	Fire Vehicle 4x4	4	64.00
35	Fork lift	2	6
	Total 100% NDRMF Funding		729.70

D. Location Map



E. Impacts on Indigenous Community

7. As per anthropological studies, IUCN guidelines and national laws of the country, there is no indigenous community residing in the project areas. All the communities of the area are local and never claimed themselves to be indigenous community. In district Chitral district the reuse services office is available at district headquarters and it extends rescue services to all communities including indigenous community of Bamboreet valley.

F. Screening and Categorization

8. As described previously, no civil work is involved hence, no land acquisition and resettlement is in the scope. Based on the guidelines for the schemes/subproject's categorization of NDRMF ESMS, the proposed project is categorized as category 'C' for social safeguards impacts. The major activities include provision for emergency equipment/ machinery/ vehicles for strengthening of rescue services in the KP. Machinery and emergency response gadgets will be placed/ warehoused in the facilities under Rescue 1122 services.

G. Institutional Arrangements

- 9. Since Rescue 1122 provides services under the administrative control of Relief, Rehabilitation and Settlement Department therefore, the project shall be implemented in close coordination and under direct supervision of Director General of the Department. All these Departments will ensure smooth, coordinated, effective and timely implementation of the project to achieve the project outcome. The existing manpower of Rescue 1122 KP will be utilized during execution of this Project.
- 10. District Emergency Officer will be assisted by 3 emergency officers, Station House in charge, shift in charge, emergency medical technicians, fire rescuers, disaster rescuer, computer operators and other technical staff. Whereas, NDRMF will be monitoring the project for quality assurance of deliverables within agreed timeframe. Team for Proposed Project Implementation is given in the table below:

H. Grievance Redress Mechanism

11. Rescue 1122 KP will establish GRM system in its head office, and it will be linked with local GRM systems in different districts and DC offices. Complaint registers will be placed at all offices for community matters which will be checked on regular basis and the issues/comments will be reported to the head office for redresses. All constraints/comments will be reported properly to NDRMF with complete details of disposal.

I. Monitoring and Evaluation

12. A joint committee for external monitoring will be comprised of representatives from Relief, Rehabilitation & Settlement Department, Planning & Development and Finance Departments. Apart from this, NDRMF monitoring team will also be responsible to keep transparency during the procurement processes and follow standard operating procedures & specification. The project result framework and M&E plan will be closely followed by Rescue 1122 team to meet the agreed timelines for achieving the specified targets. NDRMF's M&E team will monitor the progress with rescue 1122 to achieve the longer objectives. A part from this short impact surveys are plan by rescue 1122 team to measure the longer-term impacts. The IM reports will be submitted to ADB.

J. Conclusion

13. The KP government has decided to take up a project for strengthening the emergency responses in the face of disasters. Project's scope of work is purchasing of equipment, machinery and different gadgets related to emergency response. No construction activity is involved on ground therefore, project has no negative impacts of resettlement, land acquisition or displacement of households hence, no social safeguard policy is triggered. Based on the guidelines for the schemes/subproject's categorization of NDRMF's ESMS/ADB SPS 2009, the proposed project falls in Category 'C'.

Annexure I

Involuntary Resettlement impact categorization

Date: 20/1/2022

A. Project Data Country/Project No. /Project Title: Strengthening & Disaster Preparedness of Operational Districts of Emergency Rescue Service (Rescue-1122) Khyber Pakhtunkhwa							
B. Involuntary Rese	ettlement Category						
[] New [] Re-ca	ıtegorization — Previou	ıs Category [√] No	involuntary resettlement involve				
□Category A	□Category B	√Category C	□Category FI				
Project Scope of related to emerg office buildings ground therefore	C. Comments by Project: Project Scope of Work is purchasing of equipment, machinery and different gadgets related to emergency response. There is no component for construction of structures or office buildings only procurement of machinery. No construction activity is involved on ground therefore, project has no negative impact of resettlement, land acquisition or displacement of households hence, no social safeguard policy is triggered.						
Field Team: Consultant:							
Home & Prison Department GB							
D. Approval Sheraz Hussain DM (Social Safeguard)							
Reviewed/Cleared by:							
Prepared by: KP Rescue	-1122	ADB Safeguard Unit:					
Date:		Date:					
Involun	tary Resettlement Imn	act Categorization C	hacklist				

Probable Involuntary Resettlement Effects (Please elaborate in the Remarks column)	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks
Involuntary Acquisition of Land				

Probable Involuntary Resettlement Effects			Not	
(Please elaborate in the Remarks column)	Yes	No	Known	Remarks
Will there be land acquisition?		✓		Project activities are only purchase of equipment and machinery to strengthen 1122 services in KP therefore, no resettlement, displacement of HHs or land acquisition is involved.
2. Is the site for land acquisition known?		√		No land acquisition is required. Machinery and equipment will be put in already constructed government buildings.
Is the ownership status and current usage of land to be acquired known?		√		No land acquisition is involved for any project activity. Government buildings are owned and possessed by the KP government.
Will easement be utilized within an existing right of way (ROW)?		✓		No civil construction activity is involved. Already constructed existing building will be used material yard for the project.
5. Will there be loss of shelter and residential land due to land acquisition?		1		No, there will be no loss of shelter or residential structure due to project execution.
Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?		✓		No. There will be no loss of agricultural or any productive assets as project will not be executed in agriculture areas.
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?		✓		No loss of crops or trees or fixed assets is involved as project relate to procurement of 1122 services.
Will there be loss of businesses or enterprises due to land acquisition?		✓		No loss of business or any enterprises instead employment opportunities will be created.
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?		√		No negative impact on livelihood activities of the area instead many people will get jobs from the new employment opportunities.

Probable Involuntary Resettlement Effects (Please elaborate in the Remarks column)	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks		
Involuntary Restrictions on Land Use or on Access to Legally Designated Parks and Protected Areas						
Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?		✓		No stoppage to people towards their means of livelihood.		
11. If land use is changed, will it have an adverse impact on social and economic activities?		✓		No impact on land therefore no change in land use.		
12. Will access to land and resources owned communally or by the state be restricted?		√		No impact on communal or individual land.		
Information on Displaced Persons:						
Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be displaced by the Subproject? [\checkmark] No [\cdot] Yes						
If yes, approximately how many?						
Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerable to poverty risks? [\checkmark] No [\checkmark] No						
Are any displaced persons from indigenous or ethnic minority groups? [✓] No Yes						

Annexure II

Indigenous people impact categorization

Date: 20/1/2022

Indigenous Peoples Impact Screening Checklist

Note: According to IUCN definition, there is only one indigenous community in Pakistan refered to as Kalash which is located in District Chitral.

KEY CONCERNS (Please provide elaborations in the Remarks column)	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	Remarks
A. Indigenous Peoples Identification				
1. Are there socio-cultural groups present in or using the project area who may be considered as "tribes" (hill tribes, schedules tribes, tribal peoples), "minorities" (ethnic or national minorities), or "indigenous communities" in the project area?		√		No indigenous community is present in the areas where FIP is going to carry out the project. Major Ethnic group in the project area is Pakhtoons, which is not listed as indigenous.
				Reference:
				World Directory of Minorities and indigenous People.
2. Are there national or local laws or policies as well as anthropological researches/studies that consider these groups present in or using the project area as belonging to "ethnic minorities", scheduled tribes, tribal peoples,		√		No anthropological study or national law is invoked in the project areas as there are no traces of indigenous people in the project districts.
national minorities, or cultural communities?				Reference:
				World Directory of Minorities and indegneous People- Pakistan

KEY CONCERNS	\/F0	NO	NOT	
(Please provide elaborations in the Remarks column)	YES	NO	KNOWN	Remarks
3. Do such groups self-identify as being part of a distinct social and cultural group?		√		The castes present in the project areas do not identify or claim themselves to be part of an indigenous community.
4. Do such groups maintain collective attachments to distinct habitats or ancestral territories and/or to the natural resources in these habitats and territories?		√		As no group is identified as indigenous through screening, therefore, no such attachments are found. Reference: World Directory of Minorities and indegneous
				People.
5. Do such groups maintain cultural, economic, social, and political institutions distinct from the dominant society and culture?		✓		No group identified as institutionally distinctive from rest of the communities.
6. Do such groups speak a distinct language or dialect?		√		Pashtu is the major language with Punjabi and Urdu as minor ones. No, group is screened out with distinct language.
7. Have such groups been historically, socially and economically marginalized, disempowered, excluded, and/or discriminated against?		√		No marginalized community exists since there is no indigenous group. Reference: World Directory of Minorities and indigenous people

KEY CONCERNS	YES	NO	NOT	Domouko
(Please provide elaborations in the Remarks column)	169	NU	KNOWN	Remarks
8. Are such groups represented as "Indigenous Peoples" or as "ethnic minorities" or "scheduled tribes" or "tribal populations" in any formal decision-making bodies at the national or local levels?		√		Since the indigenous community does not exist in the project area, no group is represented as "Indigenous People" or as "ethnic minorities" or "scheduled tribes" or "tribal populations" in any formal decision-making bodies at the national or local levels. Reference: World Directory of Minorities and
				indigenous people
B. Identification of Potential Impacts				
9. Will the project directly or indirectly benefit or target Indigenous Peoples?		√		As there is no indigenous community residing in the project area there will be no direct or indirect benefit to IPs, however, local communities will be benefitted from the project at large.
10. Will the project directly or indirectly affect Indigenous Peoples' traditional socio-cultural and belief practices? (e.g. child-rearing, health, education, arts, and governance)		√		There will be no direct or indirect impacts on Indigenous Peoples' traditional socio-cultural and belief practices as they do not exist in the project area.

KEY CONCERNS	\/ T 0		NOT	
(Please provide elaborations in the Remarks column)	YES	NO	KNOWN	Remarks
11. Will the project affect the livelihood systems of Indigenous Peoples? (e.g., food production system, natural resource management, crafts and trade, employment status).		✓		Since there is no indigenous community in the project area hence, there will be no impact on their livelihoods so this is not relevant.
12. Will the project be in an area (land or territory) occupied, owned, or used by Indigenous Peoples, and/or claimed as ancestral domain?		√		The project is undertaken on the land which is not owned, occupied or used by indigenous people due to their non-existence in the project area.
C. Identification of Special Requirements				
Will the project activities include:				
13. Commercial development of the cultural resources and knowledge of Indigenous Peoples?		√		Project is not related to commercial development of cultural resources of IPs.
14. Physical displacement from traditional or customary lands?		√		No physical displacement of any community or indigenous community is involved.
15. Commercial development of natural resources (such as minerals, hydrocarbons, forests, water, hunting or fishing grounds) within customary lands under use that would impact the livelihoods or the cultural, ceremonial, spiritual uses that define the identity and community of Indigenous Peoples?		√		Due to the nature of the project, no commercial development of natural resources of IPs is involved.
16. Establishing legal recognition of rights to lands and territories that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		✓		No land use of indigenous communities is involved, hence, legal recognition of rights to lands and territories is not required.

KEY CONCERNS (Please provide elaborations in the Remarks column)	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	Remarks
17. Acquisition of lands that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		√		No land acquisition or displacement of land is involved.

Anticipated project impacts on Indigenous Peoples

Project component/ activity/ output	Anticipated positive effect	Anticipated negative effect
There is no impact on indigenous community as they do not exist in the project area.	Indigenous people will not be benefitted as they do not exist in the project area.	Indigenous people will not be impacted negatively as they do not exist in the project area.